## OF ASSURANCE.

Q. XXXVI. WHAT are the benefits which flow from fanc-

tification?

A. Affurance of God's love, peace of conscience, joy in the Holy Ghost, increase of grace, and perseverance therein to the end.

The first benefit flowing from fanctification, is assurance of

God's love.

2 Pet. i. 10. 'Give diligence to make your calling and election fure.' Sanctification is the feed, affurance is the flower which grows out of it: affurance is a confequent of fanctification, the faints of old had it, I John ii. 3. 'We know that we know him,' 2 Tim. i. 12. 'I know whom I have believed.' Here was fenfus fidei, the reflex act of faith: and, Gal. ii. 20. 'Christ hath loved me.' Here was faith flourishing into affurance. Aecolamhadias, when he was sick, pointed to his heart, Hic fat lucis, Here I have light enough, meaning comfort and affurance.

Q. 1. Have all fanctified persons assurance?

A. They have a right to it, and I do incline to believe that all have it in some degree before their last expiring; though their comfort may be fo ftrong, and their vital spirits so weak. that they cannot express what they feel. But I dare not positively assirm that all have assurance in the first moment of their fanctification: a letter may be written, which is not fealed; fo grace may be written in the heart, yet the Spirit may not fet the feal of affurance to it. God is a free agent, and may give or fuspend affurance pro licito as he pleases. Where there is the fanctifying work of the Spirit, he may withhold the fealing work, partly to keep the foul humble; partly to punish our careless walking: we neglect our spiritual watch, grow remis in duty, and then walk under a cloud; we quench the graces of the Spirit, and God withholds the comforts: and partly to put a difference between earth and heaven. This I the rather speak. to bear up the hearts of God's people, who are dejected because they have no affurance: you may have the water of the Spirit poured on you in fanctification, though not the oil of gladness in affurance; there may be faith of adherence, and not of evidence; there may be life in the root, when there is no fruit in the branches to be feen; fo faith in the heart, when no fruit of affurance.

Q. 2. What is affurance?

Anf. It is not vocal, any audible voice, or brought to us by Vol. I. No. 6. K k

the help of an angel or revelation. Affurance confifts of a practical fyllogifm, where the word of God makes the major, confeience the minor, the Spirit of God the conclusion. The word faith, 'He that fears and loves God, is loved of Cod;' there is the major proposition: then conscience makes the minor, 'But I fear and love God;' then the Spirit makes the conclusion, 'Therefore thou art loved of God.' And this is that which the apostle calls, 'The witnessing of the Spirit with our spirits, that we are his children,' Rom. viii. 16.

Q. 3. Whether hath a functified foul fuch an affurance as ex-

cludes all doubtings?

Ant. He hath that which bears up his heart from finking, he hath fuch an earnest of the Spirit, that he would not part with it for the richest prize; but his affurance, though it be infalli-ble, it is not perfect. There will be fometimes a trepidation or trembling; he is fafe, yet not without fears and doubts; as a fhip lies fafe at anchor, yet may be a little fhaken by the wind. If a Christian had no doubtings, there would be no unbelief in him; had he no doubtings, there would be no difference between grace militant and grace triumphant. Had not David his ebbings fometimes as well as flowings? Like the mariner, who fometimes cries out, ftellam video, I fee a ftar; fometimes the flar is out of fight. Sometimes we hear David fay, 'Thy loving-kindness is before mine eyes,' Psal. xxvi. 3. But at another time he was at a lofs, Pfal. lxxxix. 49. Lord, where are thy former loving-kindnesses?' And there may fall out an eclipfe in a Christian's affurance, to put him upon longing after heaven; then there shall not be the least doubting; then the banner of God's love shall be always displayed upon the foul; then the light of God's face shall be without clouds, and have no fun-fetting; then the faints shall have an uninterrupted affurance, and be ever with the Lord.

Q. 4. What are the differences between true assurance and

prejumption?

Any: 1. They differ in the method or manner of working: divine affurance flows from humiliation for fin (I fpeak not of the measure of humiliation, but the truth.) There are in Palermo, reeds growing, in which there is a sugared juice: a soul humbled for fin is the bruised reed, in which grows this sweet affurance. God's Spirit is a spirit of bondage, before it be a spirit of adoption; but presumption ariseth without any humbling work of the Spirit: 'How camest thou by thy venison so soon?' The plow goes before the seed be sown; the heart must be plowed up by humiliation and repentance, before God sow the seed of affurance.

Q. He who hath a real affurance, will take heed of that which will weaken and darken his affurance; he is fearful of the for-

bidden fruit: he knows, though he cannot fin away his foul, yet he may fin away his affurance: but he who hath the ignis fatuus of prefumption, doth not fear defiling his garments, he is bold in fin, Jer. iii. 4, 5. 'Wilt thou not cry unto me, my Father, Behold, Thou hast done evil things as thou couldst.' Balaam said, My God, yet a sorcerer. A sign he hath no money about him, who sears not to travel all hours in the night; a sign he hath not the jewel of assurance, who sears not the works of darkness.

3. True affurance is built upon a fcripture-basis; the word saith, 'The effect of righteousness shall be quietness and affurance for ever.' Isa. xxxii. 17. A Christian's affurance is built upon this scripture; God hath sown the feed of righteousness in his soul, and this seed hath brought forth the harvest of affurance: but presumption is a spurious thing, it hath no scripture to shew for its warrant: it is like a will without seal and witnesses, which is null and void in law: presumption wants both the witness of the word, and the seal of the Spirit.

4. Affurance flowing from fanctification always keeps the heart in a lowly pofture: Lord, faith the foul, what am I, that, paffing by fo many, the golden beams of thy love should shine upon me? St. Paul had assurance: is he proud of this jewel? No, Eph. iii. 8. 'To me who am less than the least of all faints.' The more love a Christian receives from God, the more he sees himself a debtor to free grace, and the sense of his debt keeps his heart humble; but presumption is bred of pride. He who presumes, disdains; he thinks himself better than others, Luke xviii. 11. 'God, I thank thee I am not as other men are, nor as this Publican.' Feathers fly up, but God descends: he who hath this golden assurance, his heart descends in humility.

Q. 5. What is it may excite us to look after affurance?

Anf. To confider how fweet it is, and the noble and excel-

lent effects it produceth:

1. How fweet it is. This is the manna in the golden pot; the white fione, the wine of paradife which cheers the heart. How comfortable is God's finile! the fun is more refreshing when it shines out, than when it is hid in a cloud; it is a prælibation and a foretaste of glory, it puts a man in heaven before his time: none can know how delicious and ravishing it is, but such as have felt it: as none can know how sweet honcy is, but they who have tasted it.

2. The noble and excellent effects it produceth: 1. Afturance will make us love God, and praife him: (1.) Love him. Love is the foul of religion, the fat of the facrifice: and who can love God fo, as he who hath affurance? The fun reflecting its beams on a burning-glass, makes the glass burn that which is near to it: fo affurance (which is the reflexion of God's love)

upon the foul) makes it burn in love to God. St. Paul was affured of Christ's love to him, Gal. ii. 20. 'Who hath loved me:' and how was his heart fired with love? he valued and admired nothing but Christ, Phil. iii. 8. As Christ was fastened to the cross, so he was sastened to Paul's heart. (2.) Praise him. Praise is the quit-rent we pay to the crown of heaven: who but he who bath affurance of his justification, can bless God, and give him the glory of what he hath done for him? can a man in a swoon or apoplexy, praise God that he is alive? can a Christian, staggering with sears about his spiritual condition, praise God that he is elected and justified? No, 'The living, the living, he shall praise thee,' Isa. xxxviii. 19. Such as are enlivened with affurance, they are the fittest persons to sound forth God's praise.

Effect 2. Assurance would drop sweetness into all our creature enjoyments: it would be as sugar to wine, an earnest of more: it gives a blessing with the venison: as guilt imbitters our comforts, it is like drinking out of a worm-wood cup: so assurance would indulcerate and sweeten all health, and the assurance of God's love are sweet riches, and with the assurance of a kingdom are delectable: nay, a dinner of green herbs, with

the affurance of God's love, is princely fare.

Effect 3. Affurance would make us active and lively in God's fervice: it would excite prayer, quicken obedience. As diligence begets affurance, so affurance begets diligence. Affurance will not (as Papists say) breed security in the soul, but industry: doubting does discourage us in God's service, but the affurance of his savour breeds joy, 'And the joy of the Lord is our strength,' Neh. viii. 10. Affurance makes us mount up to heaven, as eagles, in holy duties: it is like the Spirit in Ezekiel's wheels, that moved them, and listed them up. Faith would make us walk, but affurance would make us run: we should never think we could do enough for God. Affurance would be as wings to the bird, as weights to the clock, to set all the wheels of obedience a-running.

Effect 4. Affurance would be a golden shield to beat back temptation: affurance triumphs over temptation. There are two forts of temptations Satan useth: 1. He tempts to draw us to sin: now the being affured of our justification would make this temptation vanish. What, Satan, shall I sin against him who hath loved me, and washed me in his blood? Shall I return to folly after God hath spoken peace? Shall I weaken my affurance, wound my conscience, grieve my comforter? Avoid Satan, tempt no more. 2. Satan would make us question our interest in God; he tells us we are hypocrites, and God doth not love us. Now there is no such shield against this temptation as affurance; what, Satan, have I real work of grace in my

heart, and the feal of the Spirit to witness it, and dost thou tell me God doth not love me? Now I know thou art an imposior, who goest about to disprove what I fensibly feel. If faith re-

fifts the devil, affurance would put him to flight.

Effect 5. Affurance would make us contented, though we have but a little in the world: he who hath enough is content; he who hath fun-light, is content, though he want torch-light. A man that hath affurance, hath enough: in uno falvatore omnes florent gemnæ ud salutem: He hath the riches of Christ's merit, a pledge of his love, an earnest of his glory, he is filled with the fulness of God; here is enough and having enough he is content, Pf. xvi. 5. 'The Lord is the portion of my inheritance; the lines are fallen to me in pleafant places, and I have a goodly heritage.' Affurance will rock the heart quiet; the reafon of discontent, is either because men have no interest in God, or do not know their interest. St. Paul faith, 'I know whom I have believed, '2 Tim. i. 1. There was the affurance of his interest. And, 2 Cor. vi. 10. 'As forrowful, yet always rejoicing,' &c. There was his contentment. Get but affurance, and you will be out of the weekly bill of murmurers, you will be discontented no more. We cannot come amiss to him that hath assurance: God is his; hath he loft a friend? his father lives; hath he loft his only child? God bath given him his only Son; hath he scarcity of bread? God hath given him the finest of the wheat, the brend of life; are his comforts gone? He hath the comforter; doth he meet with ftorms on the fea? He knows where to put in for harbour; God is his portion, and heaven is his haven. Thus affurance gives fweet contentment in every condition.

Effect 6. Affurance would bear up the heart in fufferings, it would make a Christian endure troubles with patience and cheerfulness. With patience, Heb. x. 36. Ye 'have need of patience.' There are fome meats (we fay) are hard of digettion, and only a good itomach will concoct them: affliction is a meat hard of digettion, but patience (like a good fromach) will be able to digeft it; and whence comes patience but from affurance? Rom. v. 5. 'Tribulation worketh patience, because the love of God is flied abroad in our hearts,' with cheerfulness. Affurance is like the mariner's lantern on the deck, which gives light in a dark night. Affurance gives the light of comfort in affliction, Heb. x. 34. 'Ye took joyfully the spoiling of your goods, knowing in yourfelves,' &c. there was affurance. He that hath afforance, can rejoice in tribulation; he can gather grapes of thorns, and honey out of the lion's carcafe. Latimer, "When I fit alone, and can have a fettled affurance of the state of my foul, and know that God is mine, I can laugh at all

troubles, and nothing can daunt me."

Effect 7. Affurance would pacify a troubled confcience: he

who hath a diffurbed vexatious confcience, carries an hell about him, Ehen quis intus /corpio! but afforance cures the agony, and allays the fury of confcience: confcience, that before was turned into a ferpent, now is like a bee that hath honey in its mouth, it fpeaks peace; tranquillus dens tranquillat omnia, 'Tertul. When God is pacified towards us, then confcience is pacified. If the heavens are quiet, and there are no winds fürring thence, the fea is quiet and calm; fo, if there be no anger in God's heart, if the tempeft of his wrath do not blow, confcience is quiet and ferene.

Effect 8. Affurance would firengthen us againft the fears of death; fuch as want it, cannot die with comfort; they are in equilibrio, they hang in a doubtful fuspense, what should become of them after death: but he who hath affurance, hath an happy and joyful passage out of the world; he knows he is passed from death to life, he is carried full sail to heaven:

Though he cannot refift death, yet he overcomes it.

Q. 6. What shall they do that want affurance?

Ans. 1. Such as want affurance, let them labour to find grace. When the fun denies light to the earth, it may give forth its influence: when God denies the light of his countenance, he may give the influence of his grace.

Q. How shall we know we have a real work of grace, and fo

have a right to affurance?

Anf. If we can resolve two queries, 1. Have we high appretiations of Jesus Christ? 1 Pet. ii. 7. 'To you that believe he is precious.' Christ is all made up of beauties and delights; our praises fall short of his worth, and is like spreading canvass upon cloth of gold. How precious is his blood and incense? The one pacifies our conscience, the other persumes our prayers. Can we say we have endearing thoughts of Christ? Do we esteem him our pearl of price, our bright morning-star? Do we count all our earthly enjoyments but as dung in comparison of Christ? Phil. iii. 8. Do we prefer the worst things of Christ, before the best things of the world; the reproaches of Christ before the world's embraces? Heb. xi. 26. Quer. 2. Have we the indwelling of the Spirit? 2 Tim. i. 14. 'The Holy Ghost which dwelleth in us.'

Q. How may we know that we have the indwelling presence of

the Spirit?

Ani. Not by having fometimes good motions stirred up in us by the Spirit; it may work in us yet not dwell: but by the fanctifying power of the Spirit in our heart: the Spirit infuseth divinem indolem, a divine nature; it stamps its own impress and effigies on the foul, making the complexion of it holy. The Spirit ennobles and raiseth the heart above the world. When Nebuchadnezzar had his understanding given him, he grazed no

longer among the beafts, but returned to his throne, and minded the affairs of his kingdom: when the Spirit of God dwells in a man, it carries his heart above the vitible orbs; it makes him fuperna anhalere, thirst after Christ and glory. If we can find this, then we have grace, and so have a right to assurance.

2. If you want affurance, wait for it. If the figures are graven on the dial, it is but waiting a while, and the fun thines; when grace is engraven in the heart, it is but waiting a while, and we shall have the funshine of affurance. 'He that believes makes not hafte,' Ifa. xxviii. 16. He will flay God's leifure. Say not, God hath forfaken you, he will never lift up the light of his countenance; but rather fay, as the church, Ifa. viii. 17. 'I will wait upon the Lord, which hideth his face from the house of Jacob.' 1. Hath God waited for your conversion, and will not you wait for his confolation? How long did he come a-wooing to you by his Spirit? He waited till his head was filled with dew: he cried, as Jer. xiii. 27. 'Wilt thou not be made clean? When shall it once be?' O! Christian, did God wait for thy love, and canst not thou wait for his? 2. Asfurance is fo fweet and precious, that it is worth waiting for; the price of it is above rubies, it cannot be valued with the gold of Ophir. Affurance of God's love is a pledge of election, it is the angels' banquet: what other joy have they! as Micah faid, Judg. xviii. 24. 'What have I more;' fo, when God affures the foul of his eternal purpofes of love, what hath he more to give? Whom God kifleth, he crowns. Affurance is the first fruits of paradife: one finile of God's face, one glance of his eye, one crumb of the hidden manna is fo fweet and delicious; that it deferves our waiting. 3. God hath given a promife that we should not wait in vain, Ifa. xlix. 23. 'They shall not be ashamed that wait for me.' Perhaps God reserves this cordial of affurance for a fainting time; he keeps sometimes his best wine Affurance shall be reserved as an ingredient to sweeten the bitter cup of death.

Q. 7. How may deferted fouls be comforted, who are cast down for want of assurance? They have the day-star of grace risen in their fouls; but as Job complains, 'I went mourning without the sun,' Job xxx. 28. They go mourning for want of the sun-light of God's face: their joy is ectipsed, they walk in darkness, and see no light, Isa. 1. 18. How shall we comfort such as lie bleeding in desertion, and are cast down for want of

affurance?

A. 1. Want of affurance shall not hinder the success of the faints' prayers. Sin lived in, doth put a bar to our prayer; but want of affurance doth not hinder prayer; we may go to God till in an humble, fiducial manner. A Christian perhaps may think, because he doth not see God's finiling sace, therefore

God will not hear him: this is a mistake, Psal. xxxi. 22. 'I faid in my haste, I am cut off from before thine eyes, nevertheless thou heards the voice of my supplication.' If we pour out sight to heaven, God hears every groan; though he doth not shew us his face, he may lend us his ear.

2. Faith may be strongest when assurance is weakest; the woman of Canaan had no assurance, but a glorious saith; 'O woman, great is thy faith,' Mat. xv. 28. Rachel was more fair, but Leah was more fruitful. Assurance is more fair and lovely to look upon, but a fruitful faith God seeth it better for us, John xx. 28. 'Blessed are they that believe, and feel not.'

3. When God is out of fight, yet he is not out of covenant, Pfal. lxxxix. 28. 'My covenant thall ftand faft.' Though a wife doth not fee her hufband's face in many years, yet the marriage-relation holds, and he will come again to her after a long voyage. God may be gone from the foul in defertion, but the covenant ftands faft, Ifa. liv. 10. 'The covenant of my peace thall not be removed.' Quer. But this promife was made to the Jews, and doth not belong to us. Yes, ver. 17. 'This is the heritage of the fervants of the Lord.' This is made to all the fervants of God, those who are now living, as well as those who lived in the time of the Jews.

Q. 8. What should we do to get affurance?

Ans. 1. Keep a pure conscience, let no guilt lie upon the conscience unrepented of. God seals no pardons before repentance: God will not pour in the wine of assurance into a soul vessel, Heb. x. 22. 'Let us draw near in suil assurance of saith, having our hearts sprinkled from an evil conscience.' Guilt clips the wings of comfort: he who is conscious to himself of secret sins, cannot draw near to God in sull assurance; he cannot call God sather, but judge: keep conscience as clear as your eye, that no dust of sin sall into it.

2. If you would have affurance, be much in the actings of grace, 1 Tim. iv. 7. Exercise thyself unto godliness.' Men grow rich by trading; by trading in grace, we grow rich in affurance, 2 Pet. i. 10. 'Make your election sure.' How? 'Add to your faith virtue, and to virtue knowledge,' Keep grace upon the wing, it is the lively faith flourisheth into affurance. No man will set up a great sail into a small boat, but in a large vessel: God sets up the sail of affurance in an heart en-

larged with grace.

3. If you would have affurance, cherish the Holy Spirit of God. When David would have assurance, he prays, 'take not away thy Spirit from me,' Pfal. li. 11. He knew that it was the Spirit only that could make him hear the voice of joy; the Spirit is the Comforter, he feals up affurance, 2 Cor. i. 22. Therefore make much of the Spirit; do not grieve it: as Noah

opened the ark to receive the dove, fo should we open our hearts to receive the Spirit; this is the blessed dove which brings an olive-branch of assurance in its mouth.

4. Let us lie at the pool of the ordinances, frequent the word and facrament, Cant. ii. 2. 'He brought me to the banqueting-house, and his banner over me was love.' The blessed ordinances are the banqueting-house, where God displays the banner of affurance. The sacrament is a sealing ordinance; Christ made hinself known to his disciples in the breaking of bread; so, in the holy supper, in the breaking of bread, God makes

himfelf known to us, to be our God and portion.

Q. 9. How should they carry themselves who have assurance? Anf. 1. If you have affurance of your justification, do not abuse affurance: 1. It is an abusing of affurance, when we grow more remifs in duty; as the mufician, having money thrown him, leaves off playing. By remiffiness, or intermitting the exercifes of religion, we grieve the Spirit, and that is the way to have an embargo laid upon our spiritual comforts. 2. We abuse affurance, when we grow presumptuous and less fearful of fin. What, because a father gives his fon an affurance of his love, and tells him he will entail his land upon him, shall the fon therefore be wanton and diffolute? This were the way to lose his father's affection, and make him cut off the entail: it was an aggravation of Solomon's fin, 'his heart was turned away from the Lord, after he had appeared to him twice," 1 Kings xi. 9. It is bad to fin, when one wants affurance, but it is worfe to fin when one hath it. Hath the Lord fealed his love with a kifs? Hath he left a pledge of heaven in your hands. and do you thus requite the Lord? Will you fin with manna in your mouth? Doth God give you the fweet clusters of affurance to feed on, and will you return him wild grapes? It much pleafeth Satan, either to fee us want affurance, or abuse it: this is to abuse assurance, when the pulse of our souls beats faster in fin, and flower in duty.

2. If you have affurance, admire this stupendous mercy. You deserved that God should give you gall and vinegar to drink, and hath he made the honey-comb of his love to drop upon you? O fall down and adore his goodness; say, Lord, how is it that thou shouldest manifest thyself to me, and not to other believers! those whom thou lovest as the apple of thine eye, yet thou holdest them in suspence, and givest them no affurance of thy love; though thou hast given them the new name, yet not the white stone; though they have the seed of grace, yet not the oil of gladness; though they have the Holy Ghost, the sanctisser, yet not the Holy Ghost, the Comforter. Lord, whence is it that thou shouldest manifest thyself to me, and

make thy golden beams of affurance shine upon my soul? O

admire God! this will be the work of heaven.

3. Let your hearts be endeared in love to God. If God gives his people correction, they must love him; much more when he gives them affurance, Pf. xxxi. 23. 'O love the Lord, ye his faints.' Hath God brought you to the borders of Canaan, given you a bunch of grapes, crowned you with loving-kindness, confirmed your pardon under the broad seal of heaven? How can you be frozen at such a fire? How can you chuse but to be turned into seraphims burning in divine love? Say, as St. Austin, animam meam in odio haberem, I would hate my own soul, if I did not find it loving God. Give God the cream and quintessence of your love, and shew your love by being willing to lose all for his sake.

4. If you have affurance, improve it for God's glory, feveral ways: 1. By encouraging fuch as are yet unconverted; tell them how fweet this hidden manna is; tell them what a good mafter you ferve, what vials you have had; tell them, God hath carried you to the hill of myrrh, to the mountains of spices: he hath given you not only a prospect of heaven, but an earnest. O perfuade finners, by all the love and mercy of God, that they would enroll their names in his family, and cast themselves upon him for falvation; tell them, God hath met with you, and unlocked the fecrets of free grace, and affured you of a land flowing with those infinite delights which the eye hath not feen. Thus, by telling others what God hath done for your foul, you may make them in love with the ways of God, and cause them to turn profelytes to religion. 2. Improve affirance, by comforting fuch as want it: Be as the good Samaritan, pour wine and oil into their wounds. You who have affurance, are gotten, as it were, to the haven; you are fure of your happiness: but do you not fee others who are ftruggling with the waves of temptation and defertion, and are ready to fink? O now sympathize with them, and do what you can to comfort them when they are in this deep ocean, 2 Cor. i. 6. 'Whether we be comforted, it is for your contolation.' The comfortable experience of one Christian, being communicated to another doth much revive and bear up his fainting heart: 'Our comfort,' faith the apostile, 'is for your consolation.' 3. Improve assurance, by walking more heavenly. You should scorn these things below ; you who have an earnest of heaven, should not be too earnest for the earth: you have angels' food; and it becomes not you with the ferpent to lick the duft. The wicked are all for corn. wine and oil; but you have that which is better: God hath lifted up the light of his countenance; will you hanker after the world, when you have been feeding upon the grapes and pomegranates of the holy land? Do you now luft after the garlic and

onions of Egypt? When you are clothed with the fun, will you fet the moon and stars above you? O let them scramble for the world, who have nothing elfe but hufks to feed on. Have you affurance of heaven, and is not that enough? Will not a kingdom fatisfy you? Such as are high in affurance, should be in the altitudes, live above the world. 4. Improve affurance by a cheerful walking: It is for condemned perfons to go hanging down their heads: but hast thou thy absolution? Doth thy God fmile on thee? Cheer up, 2 Sam. xiii. 4. 'Why art thou, being the king's fon, lean?' Art thou the king's fon? Hath God affured thee of thy adoption? And art thou fad? Affurance should be an antidote against all trouble: what though the world hate thee? Yet thou art affured that thou art one of God's fa-What though there is but little oil in the cruife, and thou art low in the world? Yet thou art high in affurance: O then rejoice! How mufical is the bird? How doth it chirp and fing, that knows not where to pick up the next crumb! and fhall they be fad and discontented, who have God's bond to affure them of their daily bread, and his love to affure them of heaven? But certainly those who have assurance, cannot be but of a fanguine complexion.

5. If you have an affurance of falvation, let this make you long after a glorified state: he who hath an earnest in his hand, desires the whole sum to be paid: that soul who hath tasted how sweet the Lord is, should long for a suller enjoyment of him in heaven. Hath Christ put this ring of affurance on thy hand, and so espoused thee to himself? how shouldst thou long for the marriage-supper of the Lamb? Rev. xix. 9. O Christian, think with thyself, if a glimpse of heaven, a smile of God's face be so sweet, what will it be, to be ever sunning thyself in the light of God's countenance! certainly, you who have an affurance of your title to heaven, cannot but desire possession. Be content

to live, but willing to die.

6. If you have affurance, be careful you do not lose it; keep it; for it is your life, viz. Bene effe, the comfort of your life. Keep affurance, 1st, By prayer, Pi. xxxvi. 10. 'O continue thy loving-kindness:' Lord, continue affurance; do not take away this privy-seal from me. 2dly, Keep affurance by humility: pride entrangeth God from the soul; when you are high in affurance, be low in humility. St. Paul had affurance, dhe baptizeth himself with this name, 'Chief of sinners,' I Tuni. 15. The jewel of affurance is best kept in the cabinet of an humble heart.